

Physics 24 Problem Set 1

Harry Nelson

Due Monday, January 14

Please make your work neat, clear, and easy to follow. It is hard to grade sloppy work accurately. Generally, make a clear diagram, and label quantities. Derive symbolic answers, and then plug in numbers after a symbolic answer is available.

1. Let's investigate whether the gradient of a function $f(x, y)$ is really the direction that maximizes the change in f . Imagine taking a step, starting at position $x_0\hat{i} + y_0\hat{j}$, of length $\Delta\xi$, and in direction θ with respect to the x axis.
 - (a) Describe the step by a vector of the form $\Delta x\hat{i} + \Delta y\hat{j}$, and express Δx and Δy in terms of $\Delta\xi$ and θ . Make a graph in the $x - y$ plane showing the starting position $x_0\hat{i} + y_0\hat{j}$ and the vector that describes the step (you must assume illustrative values for all the quantities to make the graph).
 - (b) What is the change in the value of f as one steps from $x_0\hat{i} + y_0\hat{j}$ to the final position?
 - (c) Now find the extrema in the change in the value of f as a function of θ . In particular, what values of $\tan\theta$ correspond to the extrema? What do you conclude about the direction of the step that leads to the maximum and minimum changes in f ?
 - (d) Just for fun, find the direction that corresponds to *no* change in f ... this is the direction of an 'iso- f ' line, like a line of constant altitude on a topo map. What is the direction of the 'iso- f ' line relative to that of the gradient?
 2. Purcell 2.1
 3. Purcell 2.3
 4. Purcell 2.4
 5. Purcell 2.5
 6. Purcell 2.8
 7. Purcell 2.12
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