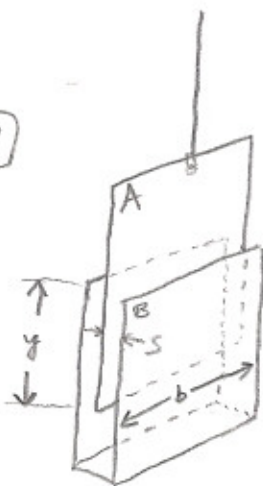


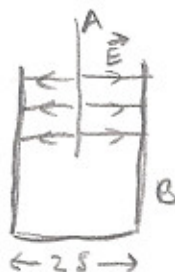
Solutions by Viva

3.18



Aluminium sheets A and B, oppositely charged.

 F = electrostatic force pulling A downward
 V = potential difference between plates.

 Find V in terms of F , s , y , and b .

 Q = charge on plate A, located on the portion of the plate between B. Q is constant; it doesn't depend on y .

 C = capacitance of system. Depends on y .

 Both F and V depend on y . (Had there been a constant V , A would have been pushed out.)

 σ = charge density on one side of plate A, between B.

$$\sigma = \frac{Q}{2by}. \quad (\text{Depends on } y.)$$

The charge stays in the region between B.

 U = energy of system. Depends on y .

$$|\vec{E}| = 4\pi\sigma = \frac{2\pi Q}{by}. \quad (\text{You can get this from Gauss's Law.})$$

$$V = \int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = |\vec{E}|s = \frac{2\pi Qs}{by}. \quad (V \text{ is inversely proportional to } y.)$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{by}{2\pi s}.$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \frac{Q^2}{C} = \frac{\pi s}{by} Q^2. \quad (U \text{ is inversely proportional to } y.)$$

$$F = -\frac{dU}{dy} = -\frac{1}{2} Q^2 \frac{d}{dy} \left(\frac{1}{C} \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi s}{b} Q^2 \frac{d}{dy} \left(\frac{1}{y} \right) = \frac{\pi s Q^2}{by^2}.$$

$$\text{But } Q = \frac{byV}{2\pi s} \quad \text{so} \quad F = \frac{\pi s}{by^2} \left(\frac{byV}{2\pi s} \right)^2 = \frac{b}{4\pi s} V^2.$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi s F}{b}}$$